IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS EASTERN DIVISION

JOE HAND PROMOTIONS, INC.)		
as Broadcast Licensee of the)		
August 25, 2007 UFC #74 Program,)		
)		
Plaintiff,)		
)	No.	07 C 6194
V.)		
		Judge Lindberg	
ANTONIS POLYCHRONIS, Individually,)	_	_
And d/b/a Kickoffs, and KICKOFFS,)		
)		
Defendants.)		

DEFENDANTS' RULE 12(b)(6) MOTION TO DISMISS

NOW COMES the Defendants, ANTONIS POLYCHRONIS, d/b/a Kickoffs, and KICKOFFS, by and through its Attorneys, SNECKENBERG, THOMPSON & BRODY, LLP, and in support of its **Motion to Dismiss Plaintiff's Complaint**, states the following:

- 1. The Plaintiff has filed this three count action against the Defendants alleging misappropriation of a signal used to broadcast UFC #74. (Complaint, ¶15).
- 2. The first two counts (Counts I and II) allege causes of action pursuant to 47 U.S.C §605. This Section of the U.S. Code prohibits certain acts related to the acquisition and broadcast of <u>satellite</u> communications.
- 3. The third count (Count III) alleges a cause of action pursuant to 47 U.S.C. §533, commonly known to relate to the interception and exhibition of any communications over a <u>cable</u> system.
- 4. 47 U.S.C. §605(a) states: "No person not being authorized by the sender shall intercept any radio communication" The Seventh Circuit has determined that Section

605 does not apply to interception of cable signals. <u>United States v. Norris</u>, 88 F.3d 462 (7th Cir. 1996).

- 5. 47 U.S.C. §553(a)(1) indicates: "No person shall intercept or receive....any communications service offered over a cable system, unless authorized to do so by a cable operator or as may otherwise be specifically authorized by law."
- 6. The statutory scheme contained in §553, and the relatively recent phenomenon of lawsuits involving alleged misappropriation of cable signals, indicates that Congress did not intend to confer standing on a plaintiff who is not a cable operator. *See* Kingvision Pay-Per-View Ltd. v. Vergas, 181 F.Supp.2d 29 (D.N.H. 2002)(holding Congress did not intend to confer standing to licensee of broadcast rights). *See also* Charter Communs. Entm't I, LLC v. Thomas, 367 F.Supp.2d 16 (D. Mass 2005) (following Seventh Circuit's Norris decision and holding §553 applied to local cable programming only).
- 7. Plaintiff is not a cable operator, and is not an "aggrieved person" pursuant to §553. Therefore, Plaintiff has no standing to pursue damages for any unauthorized interception of a local cable signal. Since Plaintiff does not have standing to prosecute Count III of its Complaint, and it should be dismissed.
- 8. To the extent Counts I and II attempt to allege a cause of action relating to interception of a cable signal, Plaintiff lacks standing, and they should be dismissed.

WHEREFORE, your Defendants, respectfully requests this Honorable Court enter an Order:

- (1) Dismissing Counts I and II to the extent Plaintiff claims either state a cause of action relating to the interception or misappropriation of a cable signal;
- (2) Dismissing Count III since Plaintiff is not a cable operator, and therefore lacks standing to bring an action for damages pursuant to 47 U.S.C. §553; and
- (3) Awarding any other relief this Court deems equitable and just.

ANTONIS POLYCHRONIS, d/b/a Kickoffs, and KICKOFFS, Defendants

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned hereby certifies that on January 22, 2008, he caused the foregoing Motion to Dismiss to be filed electronically through the CM/ECF system which caused Notice to be served upon all parties of record.

s/ Matthew L. McBride